

Cutting Recommendations for the Complete Line

- The table below defines initial feed rates
- For initial cutting speeds refer to **ISCAR**'s recommendations for carbide grades

Calculating Cutting Feed Rate

$$f_z = f_{z0} \times K_{ef} \times K_s \text{ where}$$

f_{z0} - Basic feed (Table 1),

K_{ef} - Engagement factor (Table 2),

K_s - Stability factor (Table 3)

Material Groups

Based on ISO 513 and **VDI** 3323 standards (Table 1)

ISO	Material	Condition	Tensile Strength [N/mm²]	Kc1 ⁽¹⁾ [N/mm²]	mc ⁽²⁾	Hardness HB	Material Group No.	f _{z0} (mm/t)	
S	non-alloy steel and cast steel, free cutting steel	<0.25% C	annealed	420	1350	0.21	125	1	
		≥0.25% C	annealed	650	1525	0.22	190	2	
		<0.55% C	quenched and tempered	850	1675	0.24	250	3	
		≥0.55% C	annealed	750	1675	0.24	220	4	
			quenched and tempered	1000	1900	0.24	300	5	
P	low alloy and cast steel (less than 5% of alloying elements)	annealed	600	1775	0.24	200	6	0.20	
			930	1675	0.24	275	7		
			1000	1725	0.24	300	8		
			1200	1800	0.24	350	9	0.16	
		quenched and tempered	680	2450	0.23	200	10	0.15	
M	high alloyed steel, cast steel and tool steel		1100	2500	0.23	325	11		
	ferritic / martensitic	680	1875	0.21	200	12	0.14		
		820	1875	0.21	240	13			
	austenitic, duplex	600	2150	0.20	180	14	0.18		
	stainless steel and cast steel	annealed	2600	0.24	200	31	0.18		
S		high temperature alloys		hardened	3100	0.24	280	32	0.17
				annealed	3300	0.24	250	33	0.18
				hardened	3300	0.24	350	34	0.16
				cast	3300	0.24	320	35	0.16
				pure	400	1160	0.24	190	36
		titanium alloys	alpha+beta alloys, hardened	1050	1245	0.24	310	37	
								0.18	

 Steel
 Stainless Steel
 Superalloys and Titanium

⁽¹⁾ Specific cutting force for 1 mm² chip section.

⁽²⁾ Chip thickness factor.

Table 2 - Engagement Factor K_{ef}

$\frac{a_e}{D}$	$\frac{a_e}{D} = \leq 0.20$	$0.20 < \frac{a_e}{D} \leq 0.25$	$0.25 < \frac{a_e}{D} \leq 0.40$
K _e	1.1	1	0.8

a_e - Width of cut

D - cutting diameter

Table 3 - Stability Factor K_s

Stability	High	Moderate	Poor
K _s	1	0.9	0.7